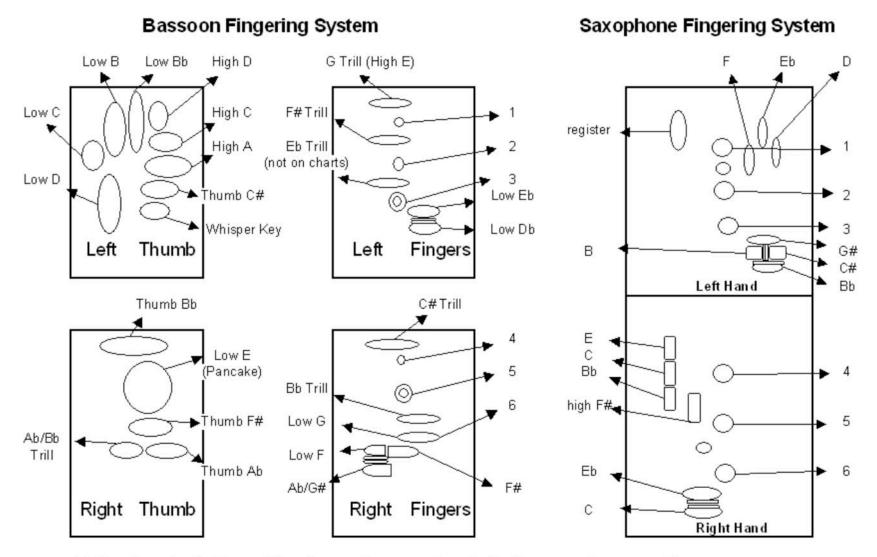
Transferring from the Saxophone:

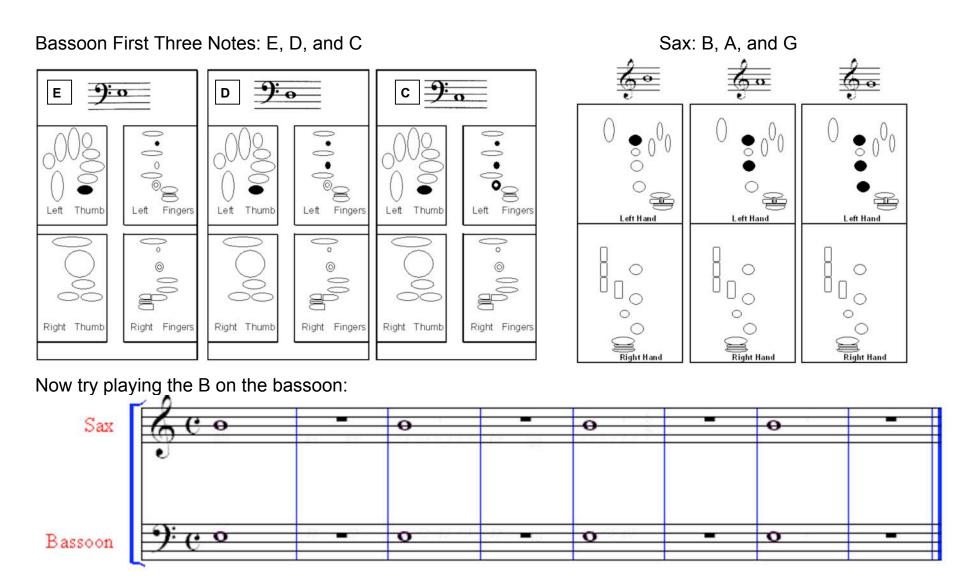
Many of the fingerings encountered while playing the bassoon are similar to those on the saxophone. Looking at the fingering system of the bassoon vs. the saxophone you will notice the same basic six-finger setup. The major differences occur when comparing the use of the thumb. The embouchure will obviously be different but again the finger placement is similar.

The best place to start comparing the two would be with the B on the saxophone and the E on the bassoon. They use basically the same fingering but do not read the same notes. (All of these exercises will work regardless of what saxophone you play soprano, alto, tenor, or baritone)

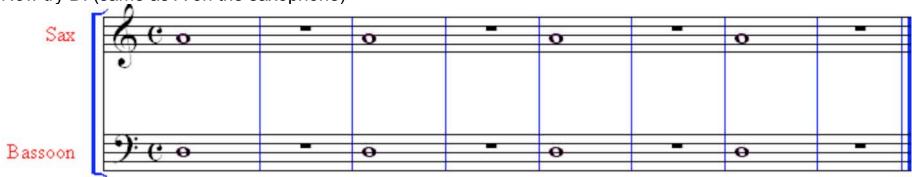




Notice the similarities of the finger placement on both the saxophone and bassoon. Fingers 1 - 6 are in the same position.

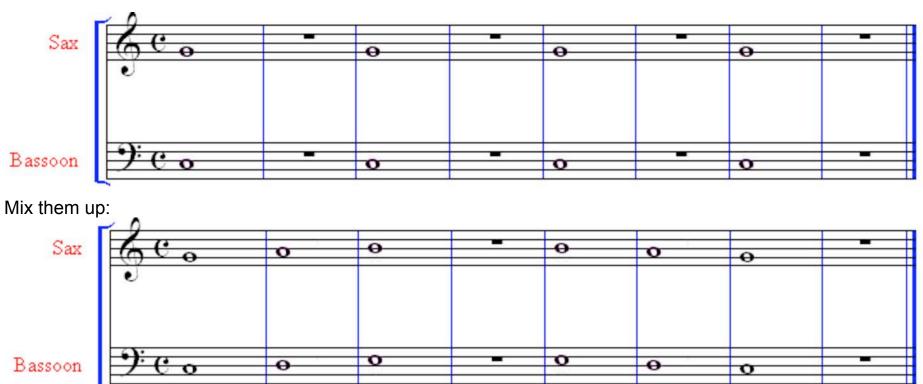


Notice that the fingering is basically the same on both instruments. The first index finger is down on both instruments. The left thumb is added on the bassoon whisper key. *These exercises are not to be played simultaneously. They are only used as a comparison.



Now try D: (same as A on the saxophone)

How about C: (same as G on the saxophone)

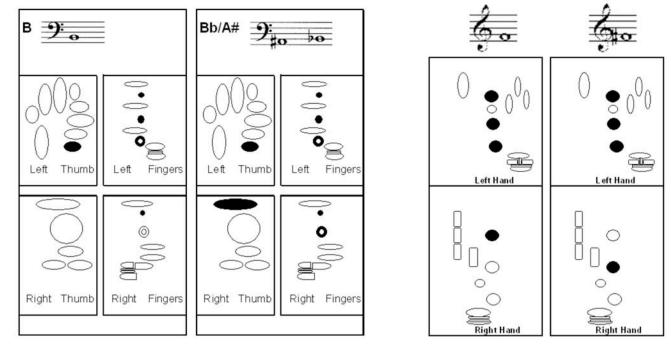




F is different on the bassoon but not too difficult. You just use your left thumb on the whisper key. This note does not relate to the saxophone.



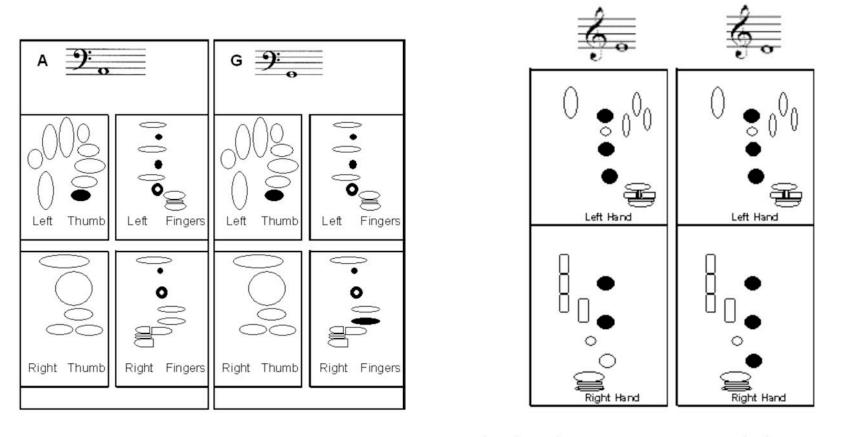
The next two notes have similar fingering patterns but beware of the difference between hands on each instrument: The bassoon has a half step between hands, while the saxophone has a whole step. These fingerings will be different.



Now practice the B and Bb on the bassoon: (remember they are not the same fingerings as the saxophone)



The next two notes are very similar. The low A and G on the bassoon are basically the same as the E and D on the saxophone.



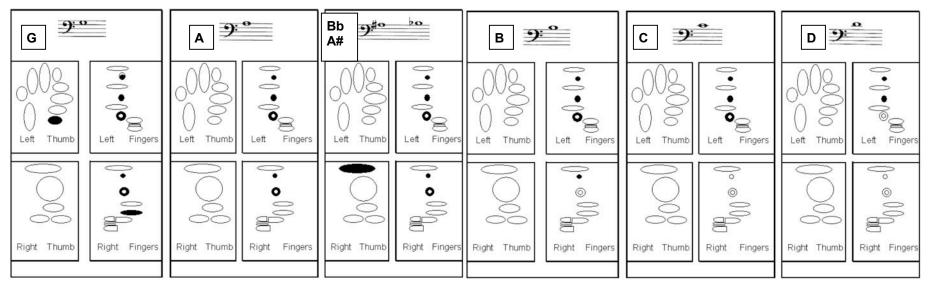


Low F is slightly different than on the saxophone. The fingering is similar to the low C but the pinky keys are different.





To get notes above the F they are played much like the lower octave with a few differences:



You should notice that these fingerings are almost the same except for the half whole on the G and the lifting up of the left thumb from the whisper key. These fingerings are much like the low octave but remember the B and Bb fingerings are different.

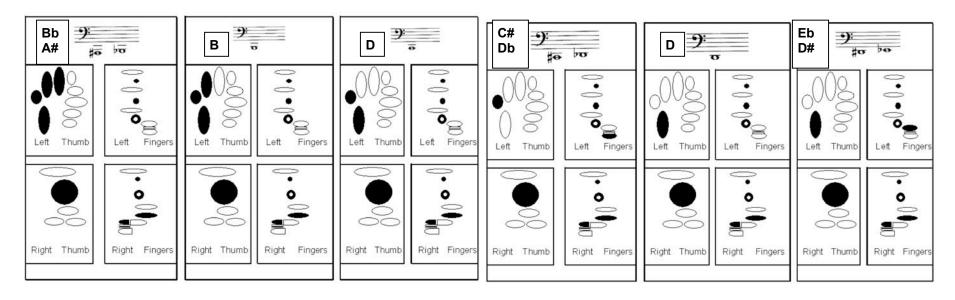


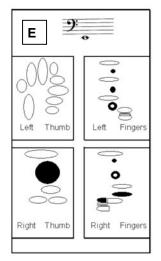


The next note that is very important to know is Eb. (This fingering does not relate to the saxophone.)

Low register of bassoon:

The left thumb holds the key to many of the lowest notes on the bassoon.





Try these exercises to learn the low register:



Now you are ready to try a 2-octave Bb scale:



This is a good start for your switch to the bassoon you are well on your way to knowing many of the notes necessary to play the bassoon. At the end of the book there is a section on suggested method books for additional studies. Be sure to check the fingering chart and try to learn the entire chromatic scale on the bassoon.